maintaining the data needed, and c including suggestions for reducing	lection of information is estimated to ompleting and reviewing the collect this burden, to Washington Headqu uld be aware that notwithstanding ar DMB control number.	ion of information. Send comments arters Services, Directorate for Info	s regarding this burden estimate ormation Operations and Reports	or any other aspect of the s, 1215 Jefferson Davis	nis collection of information, Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington
1. REPORT DATE 12 JAN 2010		2. REPORT TYPE		3. DATES COVE 00-00-2010	red to 00-00-2010
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		5a. CONTRACT NUMBER			
CRS Issue Statement on Critical Infrastructure Security				5b. GRANT NUMBER	
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
				5e. TASK NUMBER	
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Congressional Research Service, Library of Congress, 101 Independence Ave., SE, Washington, DC, 20540-7500				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAII Approved for publ	LABILITY STATEMENT ic release; distributi	on unlimited			
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NO	OTES				
14. ABSTRACT					
15. SUBJECT TERMS					
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF PAGES	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	Same as Report (SAR)	3	

Report Documentation Page

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188



CRS Issue Statement on Critical Infrastructure Security

John D. Moteff, CoordinatorSpecialist in Science and Technology Policy

January 12, 2010

Congressional Research Service

7-5700 www.crs.gov IS40271 he nation's health, wealth, security, and quality of life rely on the production and distribution of certain goods and services (safe drinking water, electricity, fuels, etc.). The array of physical assets, processes, information, and people that facilitate this production and distribution have been referred to as the nation's critical infrastructure. Following the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, government at all levels has focused greater attention on the vulnerability of critical infrastructure and on how best to enhance its protection.

The federal government has taken on the responsibility of working with the owners and operators of critical infrastructure (both public and private) to determine which of their assets are the most critical to the nation as whole, to assess the vulnerability of these assets to a variety of threats, to determine the risks involved, to develop options for reducing those risks, and to implement the most cost-effective risk-reduction options. Although there is a range of regulatory intervention already in place across the various critical infrastructure sectors, national policy states that the federal government should strive to encourage owners and operators to take proactive, market-based actions to protect these assets. However, the federal government is willing to intervene (through regulation or incentives) in those cases where owners and operators are unwilling or unable to adequately protect nationally critical assets. The federal government has also assumed the responsibility of assisting state and local governments and some private sector entities protect assets that are important locally, but which may not be critical to the nation as a whole. While many federal agencies play a role, Homeland Security Presidential Directive (HSPD) No. 7 makes the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) the lead agency in coordinating this national effort.

Congressional activity is focused primarily on oversight of the various programs within DHS and elsewhere that implement this basic strategy. In particular, Congress is concerned about the progress and effectiveness of activities associated with identifying and assessing assets of national importance and prioritizing the allocation of federal resources (including the process by which DHS allocates critical infrastructure protection funds to states and localities). Congress is also interested in the effectiveness of information sharing mechanisms established among the various stakeholders. Congress also may develop legislation to address perceived shortcomings.

Issue Team Members

John D. Moteff, Coordinator

Specialist in Science and Technology Policy

jmoteff@crs.loc.gov, 7-1435

Anthony Andrews

Specialist in Energy and Energy Infrastructure

Policy

aandrews@crs.loc.gov, 7-6843

Nicole T. Carter

Specialist in Natural Resources Policy

ncarter@crs.loc.gov, 7-0854

Claudia Copeland

Specialist in Resources and Environmental Policy

ccopeland@crs.loc.gov, 7-7227

Bart Elias

Specialist in Aviation Policy

belias@crs.loc.gov, 7-7771

Daniel H. Else

Specialist in National Defense delse@crs.loc.gov, 7-4996

Kristin M. Finklea

Analyst in Domestic Security

kfinklea@crs.loc.gov, 7-6259

Eric A. Fischer

Senior Specialist in Science and Technology

efischer@crs.loc.gov, 7-7071

John Frittelli

Specialist in Transportation Policy

jfrittelli@crs.loc.gov, 7-7033

Carol Hardy Vincent

Specialist in Natural Resources Policy

chvincent@crs.loc.gov, 7-8651

Anna C. Henning

Legislative Attorney

ahenning@crs.loc.gov, 7-4067

Stan Mark Kaplan

Specialist in Energy and Environmental Policy

skaplan@crs.loc.gov, 7-9529

Sarah A. Lister

Specialist in Public Health and Epidemiology

slister@crs.loc.gov, 7-7320

Jim Monke

Specialist in Agricultural Policy

jmonke@crs.loc.gov, 7-9664

Linda K. Moore

Specialist in Telecommunications Policy

lmoore@crs.loc.gov, 7-5853

Paul W. Parfomak

Specialist in Energy and Infrastructure Policy

pparfomak@crs.loc.gov, 7-0030

David Randall Peterman

Analyst in Transportation Policy

dpeterman@crs.loc.gov, 7-3267

Shawn Reese

Analyst in Emergency Management and Homeland

Security Policy

sreese@crs.loc.gov, 7-0635

John Rollins

Acting Section Research Manager/Specialist in

Terrorism and National Security

jrollins@crs.loc.gov, 7-5529

Dana A. Shea

Specialist in Science and Technology Policy

dshea@crs.loc.gov, 7-6844

Gina Stevens

Legislative Attorney

gstevens@crs.loc.gov, 7-2581

Todd B. Tatelman

Legislative Attorney

ttatelman@crs.loc.gov, 7-4697

Rita Tehan

Information Research Specialist

rtehan@crs.loc.gov, 7-6739

Catherine A. Theohary

Analyst in National Security Policy and Information

Operations

ctheohary@crs.loc.gov, 7-0844

Mary Tiemann

Specialist in Environmental Policy

mtiemann@crs.loc.gov, 7-5937

N. Eric Weiss

Specialist in Financial Economics

eweiss@crs.loc.gov, 7-6209